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THREE OF AKIND

Kawasaki's H1 triple treat

THE HONDA THAT TIME FORGOT

Do YOU remember the CJ250?

THE CRAZY **GANG**

Yamaha Pro-Am story

RESTORATIONS

Kawasaki Z1A Honda 400-4

PLUS Yamaha RD200 Lilac 250







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US of A upbringing. Eagle eyes will spot a seat strap on the red bike - this was lifted from a KH500 that briefly enjoyed Macauley house space.

Steve was already very much a triplophile when he spotted a tiny classified ad from a Surrey bike shop that wanted to offload two H1Es and a 750cc H2 they'd brought in from the States.

"They weren't that easy to deal with," recalls Steve. "They wouldn't split the bikes, which I wanted them to do after a mate backed out of putting up a third of the asking price. So then I tried to do a deal because they were asking over the odds,

but they wouldn't budge from that, either.

"I still bought them, though."

The one thing the dealer did do was to give the two 500s consecutive, age-related registration numbers - hence the 1974 plates.

The age of the H began in 1968 with the launch of the



Left: brand new motor in the red bike was used to train Kawasaki mechanics

first H1, probably better known to everybody as the Mach III - which stuck with all the variations of the H1 throughout its lifespan. The combination of 60 peaky horses and a dry weight of just 383lbs guaranteed interesting handling characteristics.

Part of the problem was the rearward bias of the weight distribution: the rear wheel had to take 57 per cent of the dry weight, a fact that probably wasn't going though countless H1 pilots' minds as they headed hedgewards with an airborne front wheel...

The H1 continued through 1969 and '70 with minor styling alterations, and became the H1A in 1971 with more styling tweaks and a new tank. The H1B of the following year fea-





Pocket drain: Steve Macauley works out his two-stroke bill

PECIFICATIONS

ENGINE Three-cylinder, two-stroke, aircooled. Bore x stroke 60x58.8, 498.8cc. Compression ratio 6.8:1. CDI ignition. Maximum power 59bhp @ 8000rpm, maximum torque 5.7 kg/m @ 7000rpm

TRANSMISSION Five-speed gearbox with five-up shift pattern, top gear ratio 5.85. Final drive by chain

CYCLE PARTS Full duplex cradle frame, with additional single headstock brace. Suspension: Telescopic forks (front), swinging arm/twin shock absorbers (rear). Tyres: 3.25x19 (front), 4.00x18 (rear). Brakes: single hydraulic disc (front), cable-operated 180x35mm single leading shoe (rear)

DIMENSIONS Overall length 82.1in, overall width 32.9in, wheelbase 55.5in, ground clearance 5.7in, dry weight 408lbs, fuel tank capacity 15 litres (3.3 gal)

tured much more radical changes. The electronic ignition was junked in favour of contact breakers, new front forks were fitted, a hydraulic steering damper was added, a front disc brake appeared for the first time and the front mudguard was shortened.

The H1C of '73 was shortlived. For this one, battery-powered electronic ignition took over from points, then the H1D lifted the magneto electronic ignition system from the H2 750. The D's host of other changes included a slightly bigger petrol tank, a new seat (with a storage compartment in the tail), an endless drive chain and a return of the prodigal longer mudguard. At the end of all this, power had gone down by one measly horse, but dry weight had shot up by 25lbs.

The H1E - Steve's bikes -

Above: the Mach III still promises a thrilling ride

arrived in 1974 with a revised chassis, a rubber-mounted engine and yet another variation on the electronic ignition theme. Only colour changes identify the F model of 1975.

The familiar KH prefix took over for the 500 triple's final year, 1976, but power had gone down further to 52bhp: still no slouch, but definitely lacking the appeal of the Mach III.

Despite a pathological obsession with the hairiest, smokiest, thirstiest motor cycles ever invented, Steve Macauley had struck me as being a level-headed sort of bloke. Then he agreed to let me have a thrash on the very bike for which he'd just finished telling me an ever-increasing list of key spare parts are no longer available. My



opinion of his powers of judgement went right out the window, but I took the keys from him just the same.

There's no ritual involved in starting - just turn on, give it a bit of (handlebar-mounted) choke if it needs it, swing down on the kickstart and prepare to be engulfed in lots of healthy blue smoke.

The most surprising thing on pulling away (having remembered the five-up gearshift pattern) is the smoothness, and although the vibes do build up as you press on a bit, I never found it to be a problem - even on the interesting side of the 6000rpm watershed.

Even on the basis of a halfhour ride, I thought the Kawa-

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saki was a fascinating motor cycle. It was much more willing and forgiving out of its powerband than I had ever imagined it could be, although to be fair it should be said the Mach IIIs aren't quite the plug-oilers that biking folklore has sometimes implied. Even though this particular bike has never done the dirty on Steve, he still keeps three plugs under the seat, working on the notion that "you'd be daft not to."

The fuel consumption is just as bad as you've probably heard, though: don't expect to better 30mpg, and don't forget to check the two-stroke oil tank, either. Macauley recalls one run from Nottingham to his Merseyside base that necessitated five petrol stops.

The upright riding position is just about ideal up to about the start of the really rather vicious powerband at 6k (80mph in top). From there on in, you have to make sure you're holding on tight.

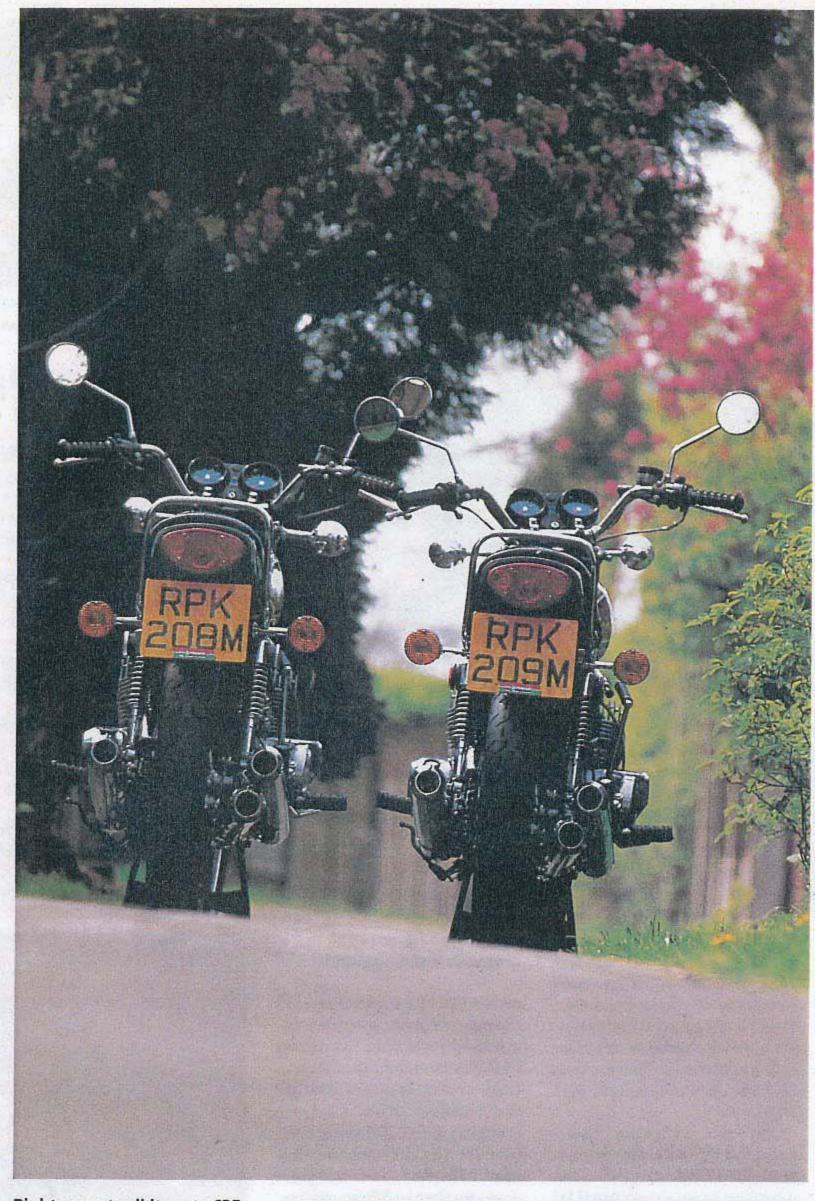
It was frustrating not to get the chance to explore its topend potential, although I was impressed by the way it just sailed through 90mph, still going like the clappers. I hasten to add this was on a good-quality A-road, away from the bumps that are supposed to bring to fruition its reputation as "the triple with the ripple". In fact, apart from a slight weave while accelerating hard though the gears, I didn't experience any misbehaviour of the wobbly variety. I was being careful, though - honest, Steve.

The single front disc is perhaps the one aspect of the bike's performance that dates it the most. It's spongy and lacks bite - I wouldn't relish having to rely on it for an emergency stop. In the wet, I guess it's just like all Japanese disc brakes of the mid-1970s (frightening).

I wonder if many owners ever took advantage of Kawasaki's thoughtfulness in providing a lug for a second disc on the right-hand fork? I wonder how the 750 managed with the same brake? I (almost) look forward to finding out.

Macauley's trio of triples arrived on the scene in April 1989, costing £3450 the lot.

"If I knew then what I know now, I probably wouldn't have



Right: new toolkit costs £35, not including C-spanner or plug spanner. It brings a new meaning to the phrase "Green Meanie", doesn't it?

bought them - because they've cost me a lot of money. I reckon I've spent about four thousand on top of the purchase price, although most of that has gone on the H2C I'm rebuilding. Wait till you see that when it's finished - now that one will be







special...", he said, beaming.

And from what I saw in the garage, it looks as though he's right. Watch this space.

The bulk of the spend with the two 500s has gone on the red one. "It was only running on two cylinders, and had obviously been left standing for two or three years, because all the alloy was very badly tarnished," says Steve.

"It would have taken for ever and a day to clean up the engine casings, so I ended up fitting a new motor in it. In fact, the engine is the one that Kawasaki themselves used to train mechanics on. A dealer bought it from Kawasaki UK when they switched premises."

Other new arrivals include a complete paintwork set of tank, sidepanels and tailpiece (there's a green spare set in the loft), together with new clocks, headlight brackets, cables, levers and a good set of tyres (Pirellis). The frame and swinging arm were powder-coated, and some rechroming work was carried out.

The green bike, meanwhile, wasn't all that bad to begin with. Mirrors and indicators were fitted, the pipes were rechromed and the tailpiece repainted. A new set of Pirellis completed a very nice picture.

Steve can't quite put his finger on why he likes the triples so much. "I've just always liked

US of H: strapless seat and shock reflectors are American fitments

them, and the first bike I ever wanted was a Kawasaki 250. I had to settle for a Suzuki TS100 on grandad's orders - he was paying for it - but I got the 250 eventually!

"I find them very pleasing on the eye, too."

Although all the triples have a bad reputation for all manner of things wearing out on themignition, pistons, crankcases -Steve's experience is that they'll provide many years happy motoring if they're looked after.

"Another owner I know reckons that as long as you remember to change the rings regularly, they'll do many thousands of miles before they even need their first rebore."

Otherwise, potential owners should be aware of the spares situation. Air boxes can't be had, except by joining the queue waiting for a good second-hand one to turn up; standard shocks are out; left-hand and centre exhaust pipes are okay, but forget the right-hand one.

Steve Macauley's advice to anyone thinking of taking the plunge for an H1 is simply: "Make sure it's all there."

Whether he was talking about the rider's brain or the bike is unclear.